

# Redbank Plains State School

# Student Code of Conduct 2020-2023

## Every student succeeding

Every student succeeding is the shared vision of Queensland state schools. Our vision shapes regional and school planning to ensure every student receives the support needed to belong to the school community, engage purposefully in learning and experience academic success.

Queensland Department of Education State Schools Strategy 2020-2024

## Purpose

Redbank Plains State School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for all students, staff, parents and visitors.

The Redbank Plains State School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes we use in our school to promote a productive, effective whole school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from all in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised, where all students are able to experience success and staff enjoy a safe workplace

## **Contact Information**

Postal address: 39-53 School Road Redbank Plains Queensland 4301

Phone: 07 3814 9222

Email: <u>principal@redbankplainsss.eq.edu.au</u>

School website

address: www.redbankplainsss.eq.edu.au

Contact Person: Pam Coyle (Principal)

# Endorsement

Principal Name:	Pam Coyle	
Principal Signature:	30%	
	10/	
Date:	8/12/2020	
P&C President:	Anna Ford	
rac Flesidelli.	Alilla Folu	
President Signature:	ALFORD	
Date:	-1-1	
24.0.	8/12/20	

# Contents

Purpose		2
Principal's Foreword		5
P & C Support		6
Consultation		7
Whole School Approa	ach to Discipline	8
Supporti	ve school environment	8
Behaviou	ur Process	9
Guideline	es for Implementation	10
Universa	l Behaviour Support	11
Targeted	I behaviour support	12
Intensive	behaviour support	13
Emerger	ncy situations	14
Respons	ibilities	14,15
Positive	Behaviour for Learning	16
Consideration of Indi	vidual circumstances	17
Differentiated and Ex	xplicit teaching	18
-	Focused teaching	18
-	Intensive teaching	18
Disciplinary Consequ	uences	19
-	School Disciplinary Absences	19
-	Principal's responsibilities	20
_	Suspensions (1-10 and 11-20 days)	20
_	Flowchart: Suspensions 1-10 days	21
	Flowchart: Suspensions 11-20 days	22
	Flowchart: Charge-related suspensions	23
	Re-entry, Arrangements, Structure, Reasonable adjustments	24
School Policies		25
-	Uniform Policy	25
	Temporary removal of student property	28
	Responsibilities	28
	Returning of property, Retention of property	30
-	Use of mobile phones and other devices by students	31
_	Preventing and responding to Bullying	33
_	Bullying response flowchart	34
-	Appropriate use of social media	35
	Cyber bullying	36
	Cyber bullying response flowchart	38
Restrictive Practices	· · · · · ·	39
Critical Incidents		40
Related Procedures a	and Guidelines	41



## Principal's Foreword

## Introduction

At Redbank Plains State School, we aim to help every student achieve the best they possibly can from primary education. This is achieved by parents, students and teachers working together to develop a positive climate and successful working relationship; an environment where learning occurs.

The guiding principles of our school are 'I am Safe, I am Respectful and I am a Learner'. To achieve this, all programs we have in place satisfy students' needs for safety, belonging, choice, fun and recognition.

Our teachers care for the students and provide a stable environment for all people. Students are closely monitored in this school. We know all our students. We work with students on a curriculum which caters for all ability groups, promotes self-discipline and develops a place where education can be enjoyed and remembered.

We encourage the development of positive relationships between staff and students characterised by mutual respect and understanding. Students are encouraged to develop self-discipline and to accept responsibility and the consequences for their own actions. We aim to prepare students, not only for the few years they attend school, but for the years that lie ahead. Students should understand that as well as being individuals, they have community responsibilities. Responsibility, duty and service are virtues we are proud to promote.

The mission for our school is to ensure that all students learn well. To achieve this, our staff take an educative approach to discipline, that behaviour can be taught and mistakes are opportunities for everyone to learn. Our Student Code of Conduct provides an overview of the school's local policies on mobile phones and other technology, removal of student property and the approach to preventing and addressing incidents of bullying. It also details the steps school staff take to educate students about these policies and how students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours. Finally, it details the consequences that may apply when students breach the expected standards of behaviour, including the use of suspension or exclusion.



# P&C Statement of Support

As the president of Redbank Plains State School P&C committee, I am proud to support the new student code of conduct. We are very thankful for the opportunities we have had to contribute and provide feedback on behalf of the parent bodies of our school.

We encourage all parents and carers of Redbank Plains State School to familiarise themselves with this new student code of conduct and talk to your children about the expectations.

Anna Ford

P&C President



## Consultation

At Redbank Plains State School we believe in working together to create a positive climate with successful working and learning relationships achieved through open communication and involvement from our school and wider community.

We actively encourage feedback and input from our students, staff, parents, community and other key stakeholders.

Our Code of Conduct is developed in consultation with staff, parents and students through the P&C and Student Council. Students and staff were provided platforms for open discussion around school policies and procedures which contributed to the development of the Code of Conduct. Student Council members were actively encouraged to provide feedback and input into the development of this document and participated in discussions covering the key issues and changes from The Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students to the Student Code of Conduct.



# Whole School Approach to Discipline

# In defining a Supportive School Environment at Redbank Plains SS the following characteristics are identified as critical:

- That all members of the school community (students, teaching staff, support staff and parents) work as a team to provide consistent, fair and reasonable responses to behaviour which emphasises a range of support strategies from personal support through to direct intervention
- That learning outcomes, both curricular and co-curricular, are maximised for all students through quality practices in learning/teaching, school organisation and interpersonal relationships
- That these quality practices are implemented as a deliberately planned, whole of school continuum of action
- That non-violent, non-coercive and non-discriminatory language, behaviour and practices are defined, modelled, practised and reinforced
- That all members of the school community are supportive of, and supported in, developing the skills and attitudes necessary to firmly establish a Supportive School Environment within Redbank Plains SS.

#### At Redbank Plains State School we VALUE:

- The uniqueness of each individual
- The pursuit of knowledge, the enjoyment of learning and the achievement of academic excellence
- Education programs which maximise the academic, physical, social and moral growth of our students
- The close support and cooperation of parents and the wider community
- The importance of teamwork in order to maximise our success as learners and as teachers
- The virtues of honesty, trustworthiness, courage, dignity, fairness and love
- Pride in our achievements and celebrating the success of others.

## At Redbank Plains State School we BELIEVE that:

- All members of the school community should be responsible for, and accept the consequences of their actions
- We should promote an inclusive curriculum that is equitable, effective and responsive to individual and community needs
- We should promote a caring, safe and productive learning and teaching environment
- We should overcome barriers that hinder access to participation in the approved curriculum
- We should encourage the development of interpersonal relationships that are characterised by our values continuum
- We are entitled to non-discriminatory, non-violent and tolerant behaviour from all members of the school community.



#### At Redbank Plains State School we have RESPONSIBILITIES to:

- Be safe, respectful, learners
- Exercise common-sense and cooperation in all situations
- Be courteous to all members of the school community and to our visitors
- Be considerate of the needs and feelings of others
- Show respect for other people, their personal property, opinions and rights
- Take pride in ourselves, our achievements and our school
- Keep the school environment safe
- Actively support school activities
- Be aware of and use avenues for help
- Maintain a positive learning environment
- Always strive to success to the best of our ability.

## Responsible action in maintaining the Code of Conduct will entitle us to the following RIGHTS:

- To work to the best of our ability without being disrupted by others
- To work in a pleasant, safe and healthy environment
- To be treated as individuals with courtesy and respect
- To have our opinions, feelings and concerns heard and considered
- To feel proud of our school and our own achievements.

## BEHAVIOUR PROCESS AT REDBANK PLAINS SS

## Redbank Plains SS's Behaviour Process is designed to:

- Reward those students whose effort and behaviour are positive and reflect the school's Code of Conduct
- b) Encourage improved effort and behaviour from those students who have chosen to behave in ways which are in conflict with the school's Code of Conduct.

## Our Model for Whole School approach to Discipline

This Model is composed of three integrated stages:

Stage 1 - Universal Behaviour Support

Stage 2 – Targeted Behaviour Support

Stage 3 – Intensive Behaviour Support

The table below provides an overview of the role each stage plays in establishing and maintaining a supportive school environment. The aim of this table is to strongly emphasise the overall significance of the pro-active phase within a supportive school environment.

Stage 1 – Universal Behaviour Support		
Role:	To implement a positive teaching and learning environment.	
	The formula for success within this proactive phase is best summarised as follows:	



<ul> <li>expect high standards of personal achievement and behaviour;</li> <li>To teach the Universal Desired Behaviours to all students;</li> <li>To acknowledge positive behaviour.</li> </ul>
To teach the Universal Desired Behaviours to all students;
the values and beliefs of the school community;  • The programs are implemented by teachers and parents, who establish and
<ul> <li>To establish a school environment, which supports curricula and co-curricular programs that are well organised, fully resourced and which actively promote</li> </ul>

Stage 2: Targeted Behaviour Support		
Role:	To provide direct support to students who are repeatedly disrupting their own learning or the learning of others.	
	The result of this direct support is that the students provide their own control to rectify the situation. The support may be provided by any Support Personnel.	
Level:	The Targeted Phase aligns with Behaviour Tier 2	

	Stage 3: Intensive Behaviour Support
Role:	To provide specific external control for those students who are deliberately disrupting their own learning and/or the learning of others. These students are unable or unwilling to control themselves. Actions may be provided by staff in the form of detentions, buddying out, discipline improvement plans, student support plans until such times as the students prove by a change of attitude that they are willing to behave and work at their learning.
Level:	The Intensive Phase aligns with Behaviour Tier 3

## Guidelines for the implementation of our Behaviour Plan

- a) The plan is organised into three tiers. (refer to tiers in Appendix 1)
- b) Each tier identifies a particular standard of student effort and behaviour and the response by the school, parents and community to that behaviour
- c) Tier 1 identifies those students whose effort and behaviours are of the highest standard through to Tier 3 which identifies those students, who by their inappropriate behaviour and effort, have placed their learning at great risk
- d) All students are placed on Tier 1 on enrolment to school
- e) Students are placed on Tier 2 and Tier 3 as a consequence of a range of inappropriate behaviours across several classes
- f) Students should always remember that the application of consequences as listed below occurs as a result of their own actions and choices. Each student has the capacity to reverse the process by positive changes in attitudes and actions. Consequences will be administered on a case by case basis, according to the student's pattern of effort and behaviour, as well as personal circumstances.



## **Universal Behaviour Support**

## Tier 1

#### Criteria for this level:

## A student who:

- Adheres to the school's Code of Conduct
- Usually interacts and communicates with others positively
- Completes most class and homework tasks
- Aims to produce work that is of an acceptable standard
- Completes all assessment requirements
- Usually behaves appropriately and accepts responsibility for own behaviour and actions.

## What happens to students on this level?

## A student is eligible:

- To participate in any activities organised by the school
- For election to support positions on committees.
- To represent school, region and state in sporting, cultural and academic events.



## **Targeted Behaviour Support**

## Tier 2

## Reasons for being on this level:

#### A student has

 Displayed a pattern of minor breaches of the Code of Conduct (during term or as indicated on the end of term report) and has not responded to assistance by, for example,

## In Class

- being late to class
- not completing class-work
- not completing homework or assignments
- interfering with the learning of others
- failing to follow instructions
- truanting from class
- using electronic equipment
- failing to attend detentions
- harassment

## Out of Class

- littering or using graffiti
- being out of bounds
- interfering with others' property
- failing to follow instructions
- inappropriate use of electronic technology
- wearing inappropriate clothing
- using inappropriate/insulting language
- harassment

## What happens to students on this level?

## A student may/will

- Undergo counselling with LEO who will guide him/her through the 'working out' process
- Have parents informed by LEO of the concerns regarding his/her behaviour or effort and invite them to discuss the situation
- Be asked to examine the school's Code of Conduct with his/her parents
- Be required to perform a school improvement task and/or catch up on missed school work at lunch time or after school
- Be placed on a Student Engagement Tracker
- Be relocated from the classes / playground where issues are occurring
- Receive counselling from the Guidance Officer or Youth Worker
- Take part in a specialised behaviour programme
- Receive a warning of suspension or be suspended
- Be asked to relinquish any position of responsibility
- Not be allowed to participate in school related activities
- Have other consequences applied which are appropriate to the situation.



## **Intensive Behaviour Support**

## Tier 3

## Reasons for being on this level:

#### A student has

- Committed a serious breach or displayed a pattern of breaches, of a less serious nature, of the school's Code of Conduct which may include one or more of the following:
  - cheating
  - fighting
  - abuse of electronic technology
  - swearing at an adult member of the school community
  - stealing
  - repeated harassment
  - repeated truancy
  - malicious vandalism
  - continued disruption of other's learning
  - abusive language (student to student)
- Repeated Tier 2 behaviours after support was given
- Committed a major breach or displayed a pattern of serious breaches of the school's Code of Conduct which may include one or more of the following:
  - dangerous behaviours towards other members of the school community
  - aggressive or threatening behaviour towards an adult member of our community
  - repeated insolence and disobedience
- Refused to participate effectively in programme of learning.

## What happens to students on this level?

#### A student

- May be relocated from all problem classes/playground until an interview is conducted with his/her parents
- Will be required to have counselling in social skills and/or learning skills with the LEO or Guidance Officer
- Will have an Individual Behaviour Plan developed
- May be required to perform a school improvement task and/or catch up on missed school work in own time (lunch time or after school)
- May be enrolled in a behaviour modification programme
- Will not be allowed to participate in schoolrelated privileges such as socials, excursions (non-academic), or school representation
- May be suspended and, (on return to school):
  - take part in a Return from Suspension interview accompanied by parent/guardian
  - be placed on a Student Engagement Tracker
  - be required to relinquish from any office of responsibility
- May complete other strategies, consequences and removal of privileges as for Tier 3.



## **Emergency Situations**

In an emergency situation involving a severe problem behaviour, students will be instructed by their teachers how to respond to ensure their safety.

An **emergency situation or critical incident** is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action.

**Severe problem behaviour** is defined as behaviour of such intensity, frequency, or duration that the physical safety of the student or others is likely to be placed in serious jeopardy.

In these situations, teachers should use the following basic defusing strategies:

- Avoid escalating the problem behaviour
- Maintain calmness, respect and detachment
- Approach the student in a non-threatening manner
- Follow through
- Debrief.

The school's Emergency or Critical Incident Response may be activated in response to these types of situations.

## **Physical Intervention**

To ensure students are kept safe, staff may make legitimate use of physical intervention if all nonphysical interventions have been exhausted and a student is:

- Physically assaulting another student or staff member
- Posing an immediate danger to him/herself or to others.

## **Record Keeping**

For Serious Breaches or patterns of minor breaches of the school's Code of Conduct the following will occur:

- Entered into One School at the direction of the LEO, Deputy Principal, or Principal
- Health and Safety Incident Record completed.

At Redbank Plains SS we have a team approach to behaviour support which includes the involvement of school administrators, staff, students, parents, and members of the wider community and personnel from other agencies.

## Responsibilities for our Behaviour Plan

## A. Students

- 1. To be knowledgeable of and uphold the school's Student Code of Conduct
- 2. To accept and abide by Classroom Rules
- 3. To be familiar with all aspects of the school's Student Code of Conduct.

#### **B. Parents & Carers**

- 1. To take an active interest in their student's education
- To provide the school with support in developing student behaviour by familiarising themselves with the Student Code of Conduct and co-operating with the school in administering the plan



- 3. To ensure their student understands the behaviour that is expected of them whilst on the way to school, at school and on the way home from school
- 4. To follow up any concerns raised by the teaching staff concerning their child's behaviour and progress
- 5. To discuss with the school any problems they feel are detrimental to the effective learning of their student.

## C. Teachers

- 1. Be knowledgeable about all aspects of the school's Student Code of Conduct
- 2. To support the philosophy of the Student Code of Conduct at all times
- 3. To effectively establish classroom rules, responsibilities and routines
- 4. To effectively manage student behaviour inside and outside the classroom in a fair, just and consistent way
- To document the behaviour of students of concern and actions taken by the teacher on their specific behavioural problems. If further support is needed, consult the LEO or Deputy Principal
- 6. To develop specific Classroom Learning Plan, which is effective in dealing with the range of student misbehaviour
- 7. To develop skills in using, for example, Essential Skills for Classroom Management (ESCM) to effectively manage student behaviour
- 8. Make initial decision on the movement of students between behaviour levels at reporting
- 9. Communicate with parents regularly in terms of positive and negative behaviours of individual students.

## D. Support Staff (Teacher Aides & Other Ancillary Staff)

- To support the philosophy of the Student Code of Conduct by developing positive relationships with students
- 2. To follow up concerns regarding student behaviour by referral to the LEO.



## Positive Behaviour for Learning

Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) is a whole-school framework that promotes positive behaviour across a school and helps schools develop safe and supportive learning environments.

Schools which implement the PBL framework make sure all students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours and establish clear and consistent boundaries. Staff take a proactive, preventative approach to ensure all students receive the appropriate level of support to help them to be successful at school. Student outcomes are monitored so identified students can receive additional support when needed, and a minority of students can access intensive support to enable them to engage successfully at school.

## Positive Behaviour for Learning in Practice

It is important that all students are taught what is expected of them and have opportunities to practise expected behaviours. A key role of the principal and all school staff is to set high expectations for behaviour and learning across the whole school community and for all students. Having clear expectations for behaviour allows schools to provide consistency in what they teach, acknowledge and correct in terms of student behaviour.

At Redbank Plains State School we have 3 positive school-wide behaviour expectations for all members of the school community to follow. These are: I am safe, I am respectful, I am a learner. Students are then explicitly taught the expectations, when and where they should be used and what each expectation looks like and sounds like. Redbank Plains State School has developed a school-wide system for teaching expectations to all students.

When schools use the PBL framework, inappropriate behaviour is seen as a behavioural error and students are provided with support to learn more appropriate behaviours. Logical consequences for behaviour that contravenes school expectations are applied consistently, but with consideration of individual circumstances.

#### **Data-informed Decision Making**

School performance data for individual students is collected by all state schools. It can be analysed to look at what is happening across Queensland, in regions, schools, classrooms, or with each student. Knowing what is happening with each individual student allows teaching and learning to be differentiated to best support the student's learning and behaviour. Knowing what is happening in a school means the school staff can focus on providing the right support to students to help them learn and achieve.

In Queensland state schools, data is captured using OneSchool, a school performance and student management database. Data that may be used to inform creation of a positive school environment includes student achievement, student attendance, student behaviour (both positive behaviour and inappropriate behaviour) and academic data. Effective schools use standard evaluation questions that consider:

- what, where, when and why students engage in particular behaviours
- the staff members involved
- the accuracy and consistency of implementation of the positive whole-school approach.

At Redbank Plains State School, school staff regularly analyse data and are able to evaluate the implementation of the positive whole-school approach and inform revision. Analysing data and sharing it with staff, parents and students allows everyone in the school community to focus on developing a safe and supportive learning environment.





# Consideration of Individual Circumstances

When applying individual behaviour support, or applying consequences for inappropriate behaviour, we take into consideration the individual circumstances of students. These include the context, emotional wellbeing, culture, gender, race, socioeconomic circumstances and impairment to ensure responses are fair and equitable. When applying consequences, the individual circumstances and actions of the student and the needs and rights of the school community members will be considered at all times.



## Differentiated and Explicit Teaching

Redbank Plains SS is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practise.

Teachers at Redbank Plains SS vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students. This enables our teachers to purposefully plan a variety of ways to engage students; assist them to achieve the expected learning; and to demonstrate their learning.

## **Focused Teaching**

Redbank Plains SS has developed a Standard of Practice- Essential Skills for Classroom Management-the 10 ESCM that is utilised by all staff as the practice of efficient and focused teaching. The practice provides clarity to teachers as to 'how' to actively and effectively utilise the ESCM in all learning environments to ensure that all students are learning and experiencing success at all times. The ESCM have been used in Queensland schools to help teachers develop effective behaviour management strategies. They provide essential ways for teachers to establish order and expectations in their class and then the ability to respond flexibly to student management issues.

These skills are observed through formal and informal observations along with discussions on their implementation during line management meetings with teachers. These are vigorously monitored to ensure this is a standard of practice across all classroom and adopted by all staff at Redbank Plains SS in order for our students to be successful.

## **Intensive Teaching**

A small number of students who progress through the behaviour levels may require additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. These students may have difficulties meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject, and focused teaching is provided to help them achieve success.

Intensive teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts and/or skills and using explicit and structured teaching strategies in particular aspects of a behaviour skill with a small number of students. Intensive teaching provides students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Support staff, including teachers with specialist expertise in learning, language or development, work collaboratively with class teachers at Redbank Plains SS to provide focused teaching. Intensive teaching is aligned with our behaviour levels and student progress is monitored by the classroom teacher, Learning Engagement Officer and/ or Deputy Principal.



## Disciplinary Consequences

The disciplinary consequences model used at Redbank Plains SS follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focused teaching, in-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders continue to display low-level problem behaviour. A continued pattern of low-level behaviour can interfere with teaching and learning for the whole class, and a decision may be needed by the class teacher to refer the student to the school administration team immediately for determination of a disciplinary consequence.

For a small number of students, approximately 5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion, the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others, and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the problem behaviour.

The differentiated responses to problem behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

## **School Disciplinary Absences**

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Redbank Plains SS, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension, charge-related suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 schools days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

#### Principal's Responsibilities

Prior to making a decision about disciplinary consequences, including detention, removal of privileges, suspension or exclusion;

- ✓ Assess the student's behaviour and the level of the risk the behaviour presents.
- ✓ Take into account:
  - A student's individual circumstances, such as behaviour history, disability, mental health and wellbeing, religious and cultural considerations, home environment and care arrangements
  - Procedural fairness in all decision making
  - ➤ That the grounds for suspending or excluding a student apply to all students, including mature aged students
  - The conduct of a student may include an omission to perform an act by the student
  - That action can be taken to address the behaviour occurring outside school premises or school hours
  - An offence includes an act or omission committed outside of Queensland that would be an offence if it were committed in Queensland
- ✓ Apply a school disciplinary absence, such as suspension or exclusion, as a strategy of last resort.

## Suspensions (1-10 or 11-20 days)

- ✓ Principals are the only staff members under the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 (Qld) with the power to make a decision about the use of suspension for an enrolled student
- ✓ in contemplating the use of suspension as a disciplinary consequence, consider whether the student's behaviour constitutes one or more of the following grounds from section.282 of the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 (Qld):
  - > disobedience
  - misbehaviour
  - conduct that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students (may be ground for suspension even if the conduct does not happen on school premises or during school hours)
  - conduct that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, the good order and management of the school (may be ground for suspension even if the conduct does not happen on school premises or during school hours)
  - ➤ the student's attendance at the school poses an unacceptable risk to the safety or wellbeing of other students or staff
  - ➤ the student is charged with a serious offence (refer to Flowchart: Suspensions (charge-related))
  - ➤ the student is charged with an offence other than a serious offence and the Principal is reasonably satisfied it would not be in the best interests of other students or of staff for the student to attend the school while the charge is pending (refer to Flowchart: Suspensions (charge-related))
- ✓ Provide the student and parent written notice of the suspension on the approved form
- ✓ May authorise a Deputy Principal, Head of School or Head of Campus to tell a student and parent of the Principal's decision to suspend.



# Flowchart: Suspensions (1-10 days)

		CONSIDER	Principal considers whether the student's behaviour constitutes grounds for suspension as per section.282 of the <u>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006.</u>	
			DOCUMENT	If the principal decides the behaviour meets one or more of the grounds for suspension under section.282 of the <u>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</u> , they ensure documentation is completed to explain how they believe the student's behaviour meets the ground/s (e.g. explain how the behaviour constitutes misbehaviour).
		REFLECT	Principal arranges for the student and parent to have the opportunity to view the relevant evidence under consideration about the behaviour (e.g. reports, statements, other documents, video/ audio recordings noting that a copy of the recordings should not be provided to the student or parent but they should be invited to view/ hear the recordings at the school or elsewhere before the suspension decision is made).	
school		DISCUSS	Principal ensures the student and the parent are offered the opportunity to discuss the allegations with a school staff member and respond if they choose prior to the principal making a disciplinary decision.	
d at the		DECIDE	Principal makes the disciplinary decision to progress or cease the suspension process, including the start and end date of the suspension if relevant.	
Student is enrolled at the school	•		NOTIFY	Principal or authorised officer tells the student and parent of the decision to suspend, the reasons for the suspension and the date on which it will commence, ensuring the suspension is completed in the current school year and does not extend over the summer holiday period into the new year.
Student		ARRANGE	Principal takes reasonable steps to ensure that parents have made appropriate supervision arrangements prior to the student leaving the school grounds, or alternatively isolate and supervise the student until such arrangements are made.	
		APPOINT	Principal ensures a school staff member is appointed as the contact for the student and parent while suspension is in effect and ensures student and parent are advised of the contact information for this person.	
		NOTICE	Principal ensures a record for 1–10 day suspension is created and a decision notice is prepared in OneSchool, and gives it to the student and parent as soon as practicable.	
		RECORD	Principal ensures signed copies of decision notice (approved forms) and supporting materials relating to the school disciplinary absence decision are uploaded in OneSchool.	
		ACCESS	Principal takes reasonable steps to arrange for the student to access an educational program to allow the student to continue with their education during the suspension.	



# Flowchart: Suspensions (11-20 days)

		CONSIDER	Principal considers whether the student's behaviour constitutes grounds for suspension as per section.282 of the <u>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006.</u>
		DOCUMENT	If the principal decides the behaviour meets one or more of the grounds for suspension under section.282 of the <u>Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</u> , they ensure documentation is completed to explain how they believe the student's behaviour meets the ground/s (e.g. explain how the behaviour constitutes misbehaviour).
		REFLECT	Principal arranges for the student and parent to have the opportunity to view the relevant evidence under consideration about the behaviour (e.g. reports, statements, other documents, video/audio recordings noting that a copy of the recordings should not be provided to the student or parent but they should be invited to view/hear the recordings at the school or elsewhere before the suspension decision is made).
school		DISCUSS	Principal ensures the student and the parent are offered the opportunity to discuss the allegations with a school staff member and respond if they choose prior to the principal making a disciplinary decision.
d at the		DECIDE	Principal makes the disciplinary decision to progress or cease the suspension process, including the start and end date of the suspension if relevant.
Student is enrolled at the school	•	NOTIFY	Principal or authorised officer tells the student and parent of the decision to suspend, the reasons for the suspension and the date on which it will commence, ensuring the suspension is completed in the current school year and does not extend over the summer holiday period into the new year.
Student		ARRANGE	Principal takes reasonable steps to ensure that parents have made appropriate supervision arrangements prior to the student leaving the school grounds, or alternatively isolate and supervise the student until such arrangements are made.
		APPOINT	Principal ensures a school staff member is appointed as the contact for the student and parent while suspension is in effect and ensures student and parent are advised of the contact information for this person.
		NOTICE	Principal ensures a record for 11–20 day suspension is created and A decision notice is prepared in OneSchool, including details about how to make a submission against the suspension to the Director- General or delegate, and gives it to the student and parent as soon as practicable.
		RECORD	Principal ensures signed copies of decision notice (approved forms) and supporting materials relating to the school disciplinary absence decision are uploaded in OneSchool.
		ACCESS	Principal takes reasonable steps to arrange for the student to access an educational program to allow the student to continue with their education during the suspension.



## Flowchart: Charge-related suspensions

	AWARE	Principal receives information that a student has been charged with a <u>serious</u> offence or an offence other than a serious offence.
	CONSIDER	Principal considers whether the student's behaviour constitutes charge-related grounds for suspension as per section.282 of the <a href="Education (General Provisions">Education (General Provisions)</a> <a href="Act 2006">Act 2006</a> and determines if there is sufficient information to make a disciplinary decision while the student's charge is pending.
	ACCESS	Principal requests the Director-General obtain information from the Queensland Police Commissioner for the purposes of informing the decision-making process and uses the <u>Behaviour risk assessment tool – safety or wellbeing</u> (a copy of the completed risk assessment should be retained in OneSchool).
	DOCUMENT	If the principal decides the student's behaviour constitutes the relevant ground for suspension under section.282 of the <a href="Education (General Provisions">Education (General Provisions) Act 2006</a> , they ensure documentation is completed to explain how they believe the student's behaviour meets the ground/s (e.g. explain the serious offence charge or charge other than a serious offence).
school	REFLECT	Principal arranges for the student and parent to have the opportunity to view the relevant evidence under consideration about the behaviour (e.g. information provided through requesting the Director-General obtain information from the Queensland Police Commissioner).
Student is enrolled at the school	DISCUSS	Principal ensures the student and parent are offered the opportunity to discuss the allegations with a school staff member and respond if they choose prior to the principal making a disciplinary decision.
	DECIDE	Principal makes the disciplinary decision to progress or cease the charge-related suspension process, including the start date if relevant.
is enr	NOTIFY	Principal or authorised officer tells the student and parent of the charge-related suspension, the date on which it will commence and that the end date will likely be determined once the charges have been finalised in the court.
udent	ARRANGE	Principal takes reasonable steps to ensure that parents have made appropriate supervision arrangements prior to the student leaving the school grounds, or alternatively isolate and supervise the student until such arrangements are made.
St	APPOINT	Principal ensures a regional case manager is allocated through OneSchool.
	NOTICE	Principal ensures a record for a charge-related suspension is created (restricted to Senior Responsible Officer), and a decision notice is prepared in OneSchool, including details about making a submission against the suspension to the Director-General or delegate, and gives it to the student and parent as soon as practicable with a copy of the information provided by the Queensland Police Commissioner.
	RECORD	Principal ensures signed copies of decision notice (approved forms) and supporting materials relating to the school disciplinary absence decision are uploaded in OneSchool (ensure no hard copies of the information received from the Queensland Police Commissioner are kept by the school or saved in OneSchool outside the 'Confidential Attachment').
	ACCESS	Principal takes reasonable steps to arrange for the student to access an educational program or a school of distance education to allow the student to continue with their education during the suspension.
*At any time throughout th	DECIDE  ne charge-related suspension, the principal may	Principal, as soon as the charges are dealt with, moves forward with a decision about ending the charge-related suspension or progressing to exclusion.  seek an update on the status of the student's charges through an additional request to the Director-General to obtain information

<sup>\*</sup>At any time throughout the charge-related suspension, the principal may seek an update on the status of the student's charges through an additional request to the Director-General to obtain information from the Queensland Police Commissioner.



## **Re-entry Following Suspension**

Students who are suspended from Redbank Plains SS will be required to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parent/s, back to the school. It is **not a time** to review the student's behaviour record as the student has already received a consequence through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

It is mandatory for the student and encouraged for their parent/carer to attend a re-entry meeting. It is a beneficial time for the school and parents to meet to discuss the support measures put in place in order to reduce further disciplinary action for future behaviours. It is offered as a support for the student to assist in their successful re-engagement in school following suspension.

#### **Arrangements**

The re-entry meeting time is allocated in the suspension paperwork. However, this time can rescheduled via the School Office should the time not be suitable. Re-entry meetings are short, taking less than 10 minutes, and kept small with only the Deputy Principal of either Junior or Senior (or their delegate) attending with the student and their parent/carer. If a further support person is required, this may be communicated where possible.

A record of the meeting is saved in OneSchool, under the Contact tab, including any notes or discussions occurring during the meeting.

## **Structure**

The structure of the re-entry meeting follows a set agenda. This meeting should be narrowly focussed on making the student and their family feel welcome back into the school community.

Agenda at Redbank Plains SS:

- ✓ Welcome back to school
- ✓ Check in on student wellbeing
- ✓ Discuss any recent changes to school routine or staffing
- ✓ Offer information about supports available (e.g. guidance officer)
- ✓ Set a date for follow-up
- ✓ Thank student and parent/carer for attending.
- ✓ Walk with student to classroom

## **Reasonable Adjustments**

In planning the re-entry meeting, school staff will consider reasonable adjustments needed to support the attendance and engagement of the student. This includes selecting an appropriate and accessible meeting space, organising translation or interpretation services or supports (e.g. AUSLAN), provision of written and/or pictorial information and other relevant accommodations. The inclusion of support staff, such as Head of Inclusive Practices may also offer important advice to ensure a successful outcome to the re-entry meeting.



## **School Policies**

## **Uniform Policy**

In accordance with sections 360, 361, 362 and 363 of the Education (General Provisions) Act 006 the following sets out a Uniform Policy (Dress Code) for the students of the school.

Students may not be permitted to attend an excursion or represent the school if he or she is not in full school uniform. Students who present in items of non-uniform may be required to remain at school. The only exceptions to this are those excursions, field trips etc. that do not require the wearing of the uniform. This will be outlined on the permission note sent home to parents/guardians. Uniforms for specialist sports teams will be supplied by the school. For all other sports, students will wear the school uniform (unisex shorts are available and preferred). Similarly, the school supplied uniform may be made available for extra-curricular activities including but not limited to musical performances including choir and band performances.

The school uniform is accepted as normal attire for students attending Redbank Plains State School. Parents enrol their children at this school on the understanding that the full uniform will be worn at all times.

All mandatory items listed (excluding shoes) are available from the Uniform Shop located at the school

Further specifications regarding how the uniform should be worn are available through the school office.

Mandatory School Uniform	Preferred Uniform (available from Uniform Shop	Optional Uniform (available from external retailers)
<ul> <li>School specific collared tee-shirt</li> <li>Closed-in shoes</li> </ul> Pictures included at the end of this document.	<ul> <li>School specific navy blue skorts, or</li> <li>School specific navy blue unisex shorts</li> <li>School specific sports tracksuit top and pants</li> <li>School specific polar fleece</li> <li>School specific sun safe hat Pictures included at the end of this document.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Navy blue skorts, or</li> <li>Navy blue shorts</li> <li>Navy blue tracksuit top</li> <li>Navy blue tracksuit pants</li> <li>Navy blue polar fleece</li> <li>Navy blue sun safe hat</li> </ul>

#### Interschool and Interhouse Sports Uniform

- School specific "house" collared tee-shirt
- School specific blue unisex sports shorts
- Sport specific shoes/boots.

NB: school specific house shirts are to be worn by students on Fridays or school sports days (Sports Carnival or Cross Country) only.

Representative Uniform (Choir, Band and Academic)

- School specific navy blue unisex pants, or
- School specific navy blue "skorts"
- Plain Black (no insignia or badging) formal leather shoes



#### School shoes

It is important that students wear protective and appropriate footwear.

## **Jewellery & Grooming**

Students are expected to take pride in their grooming and hygiene.

- Students are not to wear makeup or fingernail polish
- Student hair must be neat and tidy and of natural hair colouring only
- Hair below the collar is to be tied back. Only conservative hair styles (as defined by the Principal) are acceptable
- Jewellery is restricted to a wrist watch, one set of plain studs or sleepers worn in ears only
- No other jewellery items are accepted.

## Non-compliance with the dress code (Education (General Provisions) Act 2006)

If a student arrives at school with non-compliant uniform items, they will be required to discuss the situation with their teacher. A note from a parent/guardian would help to facilitate this discussion. The Deputy Principal will be informed of this non-compliance with stated reason.

Failure to adhere to school policy will be managed in line with sanctions as outlined in the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 – please see below.

## 362 Non-compliance with dress code

- If a student of a State school does not comply with a dress code for the school's students, developed under section 360, the school's principal may only impose one of the following sanctions
  - a. detention of the student for a period mentioned in section 283(3);
  - b. prevent the student from attending, or participating in, any activity for which the student would have been representing the school;
  - c. prevent the student from attending, or participating in, any school activity that, in the reasonable opinion of the school's principal, is not part of the essential educational program of the school.
  - 2. However, a sanction imposed under subsection (1)(b) or (c) may only be imposed on a onceonly basis for each noncompliance with the dress code.
  - 3. Part 4, divisions 1 to 3 and 729 do not apply to the noncompliance with the dress code.
  - 4. For subsection (1)(a), section 283(4) and (5) apply and for that purpose a reference in section 283(4) to 'subsection (2)' is taken to be a reference to subsection (1)(a) of this section.

29 Part 4 (Suspension, exclusion and cancellation of enrolment of, and behaviour improvement conditions for, State school students), division 1 (Suspension of students), 2 (Exclusion of students by principals' supervisors), 3 (Exclusion of students by chief executive) and 7 (Cancellation of enrolment of students above compulsory school age)



## **School Uniform Images**



School specific collared tee-shirt



School specific sun safe hat



School specific house shirt



School specific unisex shorts or plain navy blue shorts



School specific skort or plain navy blue skort



School specific sports tracksuit pants



School specific sports tracksuit top



School specific jumper or navy blue jumper



## **Temporary Removal of Student Property**

#### Overview

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe and supportive learning environment of Redbank Plains State School, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all school staff, students and visitors.

## Responsibilities

## Principal

Ensures school staff are aware of the responsibilities outlined in this procedure that must be followed when temporarily removing student property, including that

- Consent is not required to search school property such as lockers, desks or laptops that are supplied to the student through the school.
- Consent is required from the student or parent to open, examine or otherwise deal with the temporarily removed student property. For example, without the consent of the student or parent, principals or school staff who temporarily remove a mobile phone from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone or to read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone.
- where there is suspicion that the student has a dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, principals or school staff should seize the bag immediately and remove from the student's access prior to seeking search consent or calling the police. Under no circumstances should the student be permitted to go into the bag themselves.
- Under normal circumstances, principals and school staff members are not permitted to search student property (e.g. a student's school bag) unless they have the consent of the student or their parent.
- Under emergency circumstances only, such as a need to access an EpiPen for an anaphylactic emergency, principals or school staff may need to search a student's property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents.
- Principals or school staff do not have the authority to search the person of a student, if a search is considered necessary the police should be called to make such a determination.

## Ensures parents and students are;

- informed of the procedure which enables school staff to temporarily remove student property and the expectations in relation to property students may bring to school
- aware of the right to refuse permission for school staff to search student property, and that police may be called if consent is not provided
- Provided with clear communication to inform what student property can be temporarily removed and the expectations in relation to property students may bring to school.



	Encurse information about this procedure is clearly detailed in the Student Code	
	Ensures information about this procedure is clearly detailed in the Student Code of Conduct, including;	
	<ul> <li>that school staff may in certain circumstances remove student property without the consent of parents or students</li> <li>the limits on school staff accessing information from temporarily removed student property, such as mobile phones</li> <li>Examples of property that may be temporarily removed, such as bags, mobile phones, jewellery or prohibited items such as knives</li> <li>Examples of the amount of time certain property may be temporarily removed (e.g. end of day or school week)</li> <li>That student property may be seized by the police.</li> </ul>	
School staff	Follow appropriate processes outlined in the Student Code of Conduct regarding;	
	<ul> <li>temporary removal of student property</li> <li>access to information on temporarily removed student property (e.g. messages or photos on student mobile phone)</li> <li>return of temporarily removed student property</li> <li>circumstances where temporarily removed student property need not be made available for collection</li> <li>Deciding a reasonable time to make temporarily removed student property available for collection.</li> </ul>	
Students	<ul> <li>Must not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, or sporting venues) that</li> <li>is prohibited according to the school's Student Code of Conduct</li> <li>is illegal (e.g. drugs such as cannabis, ecstasy, or amphetamines)</li> <li>puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk (e.g. knife, firearm, handcuffs, or replica firearms)</li> <li>does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment (e.g. baton, nunchaku, or club)</li> <li>Does not maintain and foster mutual respect (e.g. printed materials with offensive language or extremist propaganda).</li> <li>Collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the principal or state school staff it is available for collection.</li> </ul>	
Parents	<ul> <li>Ensure their children do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school that;</li> <li>Is prohibited according to the Student Code of Conduct</li> <li>Is illegal (e.g. drugs such as cannabis, ecstasy, amphetamines)</li> <li>Puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk (e.g. knife, firearm, handcuffs, or replica firearms)</li> <li>Does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment (e.g. baton, nunchaku, or club)</li> <li>Does not maintain and foster mutual respect (e.g. printed materials with offensive language).</li> <li>Collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.</li> </ul>	

## State school staff

Only persons who are authorised under the Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2017 (Qld) to remove from a student at the school any property in the student's possession if the principal or staff member is satisfied the removal is necessary.



## Temporary removal of student property

- Property may be temporarily removed from a student if the principal or state school staff are reasonably satisfied the removal is necessary to;
  - ensure compliance with the Student Code of Conduct
  - preserve the caring, safe, supportive and productive learning environment of the school
  - o maintain and foster mutual respect among staff and students at the school
  - encourage all students to take responsibility for their own behaviour and the consequences of their actions
  - provide for effective administration of matters about the students of the school.

## Return of temporarily removed student property

- Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the Queensland Police Service
- Ensure temporarily removed student property held by the school is made available for collection by the student or parent within a reasonable time period
- ➤ If the student is a child, the principal or school staff member may choose to make the temporarily removed property available for collection to the parent only if it is more appropriate to do so, given
  - its condition, nature or value, and/or
  - o to ensure the safety of students or staff, and/or
  - o for the good order and management, administration and control of the school.
- Where the student is independent or mature age, it may be appropriate to return the temporarily removed property directly to them
- Ensure temporarily removed student property made available for collection is in the same condition as when the property was removed.

## Retention of temporarily removed student property

- > Principal and state school staff may retain temporarily removed student property if:
  - the property is illegal to possess, threatens the safety or wellbeing of students or staff or is reasonably suspected to have been used to commit a crime and state school staff are in the process of notifying police
  - police state that they will come to the school to investigate matters relating to the temporarily removed student property, then it is kept until police attend
  - Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 (Qld), advise the student and their parent
    of this action and that the temporarily removed student property is no longer in the
    possession of school staff
- If police decide not to seize the property, return the temporarily removed student property to the student or parent as soon as practicable.
- Student or parent has not collected the temporarily removed student property despite reasonable efforts(multiple phone calls, emails or meetings) by the principal or state school staff to advise the student or parent it is available for collection
- Where staff reasonably suspect that the student is not the lawful owner of the property



## **Use of Mobile Phones and Other Electronic Devices by Students**

## **Purpose**

To explain to our school community the Department's and Redbank Plains State School's policy requirements and expectations relating to students using mobile phones during school hours.

This policy applies to:

- 1. All students at Redbank Plains State School and.
- 2. Students' personal mobile phones, iPads and other devices (including wearable devices) brought onto school premises during school hours, including recess and lunchtime.

#### **Definitions**

**A mobile phone** is a telephone with access to a cellular (telecommunication) system, with or without a physical connection to a network.

A device is anything that can take/receive/have access to; messages, phone calls, videos, pictures, social media or the internet.

## **Policy**

Redbank Plains State School understands that students may bring a personal mobile phone during school hours. This policy applies to school, particularly if they are travelling independently to and from school.

At Redbank Plains State School:

- Students who choose to bring mobile phones to school must have them switched off and securely stored at the office during school hours
- Exceptions to this policy may be applied if certain conditions are met (see below for further information)
- When emergencies occur, parents or carers should reach their child by calling the school's office.

## Personal mobile phone use

Personal mobile phones must not be used at Redbank Plains State School during school hours, including lunchtime and recess, unless an exception has been granted.

Where a student has been granted an exception, the student must use their mobile phone for the purpose for which the exception was granted, and in a safe, ethical and responsible manner.

## Secure storage

Mobile phones owned by students at Redbank Plains State School are considered valuable items and are brought to school at the owner's (student's or parent/carer's) risk. Students are encouraged not to bring a mobile phone to school unless there is a compelling reason to do so. Please note that Redbank Plains State School does not have accident insurance for accidental property damage or theft. Students and their parents/carers are encouraged to obtain appropriate insurance for valuable items.

Where students bring a mobile phone to school Redbank Plains State School will provide secure storage. Secure storage is storage that cannot be readily accessed by those without permission to do so. At Redbank Plains State School, students are required to hand their mobile phone into the school administration office to be placed in a lockable cupboard.

#### **Enforcement**

Students who use their personal mobile phones inappropriately at Redbank Plains State School may be issued with consequences consistent with our school's existing Student Code of Conduct.

At Redbank Plains State School inappropriate use of mobile phones is **any use during school hours**, unless an exception has been granted, and particularly use of a mobile phone/device:

- in any way that disrupts the learning of others
- to send inappropriate, harassing or threatening messages or phone calls
- to engage in inappropriate social media use including cyber bullying
- to capture video or images of people, including students, teachers and members of the school community without their permission
- to capture video or images in the school toilets, changing rooms, swimming pools and gyms during exams and assessments.

#### **Exceptions**

Exceptions to the policy:

- may be applied during school hours if certain conditions are met, specifically,
  - o Health and wellbeing-related exceptions; and
- can be granted by the Principal, or Deputy Principal.

The categories of exceptions allowed are:

## 1. Learning-related exceptions

Specific exception	Documentation
·	Student Diabetes Management Plans and Health Support Plans

## 2. Health and wellbeing-related exceptions

Specific exception	Documentation
Students with a health condition	Student Diabetes Management Plans and Health Support Plans

Where an exception is granted, the student can only use the mobile phone for the purpose for which it was granted.

## Camps, excursions and extracurricular activities

Redbank Plains State School will provide students and their parents and carers with information about items that can or cannot be brought to camps including personal mobile phones.

## **Exclusions**

This policy does not apply to

- Out-of-School-Hours Care (OSHC)
- Out-of-school-hours events
- Travelling to and from school



## Preventing and responding to bullying

## **Bullying**

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as;

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no power imbalance)
- not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- one-off acts of meanness or spite
- isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts are still considered serious and need to be addressed and resolved. At Redbank Plains SS our staff will work to quickly respond to any matters raised of this nature in collaboration with students and parents.

The following table indicates 3 main phases to support all students involved in incidents of bullying at Redbank Plains SS.



## **Bullying response flowchart for teachers**

The following table explains the actions Redbank Plains SS staff will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. Please note that the indicative timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of teachers who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

## Key contacts for students and parents to report bullying:

Prep to Year 6 – Class teacher Deputy Principals – 07 3814 9222

First hour Listen

Day one

Document

- Provide a safe, quiet space to talk
- Reassure the student that you will listen to them
- Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption
- If you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will
  address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the
  student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours
- Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or screenshots)
- Write a record of your communication with the student
- Check back with the student to ensure you have the facts correct
- Enter the record in OneSchool
- · Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated
- Day two Collect
- Gather additional information from other students, staff or family
- · Review any previous reports or records for students involved
- Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how
- Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing
- Day three Discuss
- Evaluate the information to determine if bullying has occurred or if another disciplinary matter is at issue
- Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps
- Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation
- Provide the student and parent with information about student support network
- · Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself
- Day four Implement
- Document the plan of action in OneSchool
- Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes
- Monitor the student and check in regularly on their wellbeing
- Seek assistance from student support network if needed

Day five Review

- Meet with the student to review situation
- · Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened
- Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety
- · Report back to parent
- Record outcomes in OneSchool

Ongoing Follow up

- · Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated
- Record notes of follow-up meetings in OneSchool
- Refer matter to specialist staff within 48 hours if problems escalate
- Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students



## Appropriate use of social media

Redbank Plains SS acknowledges the growing popularity of social media both as a communication and educational tool and supports its appropriate use. We also acknowledge the potential for damage to be caused (either directly or indirectly) to our students, families and staff through the inappropriate use of social media. Students must understand they are responsible for the content they publish on social media platforms so it is important they understand what is expected of them while using social media.

It's important to remember that sometimes negative comments posted about the school community have a greater impact than expected. This guide offers some information about how to use social media in relation to comments or posts about the school community. Reputations of students, teachers, schools, principals and even parents can be permanently damaged — and in some cases, serious instances of inappropriate online behaviour are dealt with by police and the court system.

Being aware of a few simple strategies can help keep the use of social media positive and constructive:

- Before you post something online, ask yourself if the community or individual really need to know. Is it relevant, positive and helpful?
- Remember that what you post online is a direct reflection of who you are. People will potentially form lasting opinions of you based on what you post online.
- Be a good role model. If things get heated online consider logging out and taking a few moments to relax and think. Hasty, emotive responses could inflame situations unnecessarily.
- Be mindful when commenting, try to keep general and avoid posting anything that could identify individuals.
- A few years ago parents may have discussed concerns or issues with their friends at the school gate. Today with the use of social media, online discussions between you and your close friends can very quickly be shared with a much wider audience, potentially far larger than intended.
- Taking a few moments to think about the content you are about to post could save upset, embarrassment, and possible legal action.
- As a parent you have a role in supervising and regulating your child's online activities at home and
  its impact on the reputation and privacy of others. Parents are their child's first teachers so they
  will learn online behaviours from you.

## Is it appropriate to comment or post about schools, staff or students?

Parental and community feedback is important for schools and the department. If you have a compliment, complaint or enquiry about an issue at school, the best approach is to speak directly to the school about the matter, rather than discussing it in a public forum.

While many schools use social media to update parents of school notices, the department prefers that parents contact schools directly with a compliment, complaint or enquiry due to privacy considerations. Imagine if your doctor, accountant or banking institution tried to contact you to discuss important matters via Facebook.

If you have raised an issue with a school or know that another person has, consider refraining from discussing those details on social media, particularly the names of anyone involved.

Keep comments calm and polite, just as you would over the telephone or by email. If you encounter negative or derogatory content online which involves the school, hinders a child's learning and/or affects the school community at large, contact the school principal.



## Possible civil or criminal ramifications of online commentary

A serious instance of inappropriate online behaviour may constitute a criminal offence and become a police matter. For example, online content may substantiate the offence of 'using a carriage service to menace, harass or cause offence' (Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) s. 474.17). School staff may contact their union or obtain personal legal advice if they feel that online content seriously impacts their reputation. Defamatory online content may give rise to litigation under the Defamation Act 2005 (Qld).

## What about other people's privacy?

If you upload photos of your children, be mindful of who might be in the background. You might be happy to share your child's successes with your friends and family via social media, but some parents are not. If you are tagging or naming students, consider that other parents may not want their child's name attached to images online.

## What if I encounter problem content?

Taking the following steps may help resolve the issue in a constructive way:

- refrain from responding
- take a screen capture or print a copy of the concerning online content
- if you consider problem content to be explicit, pornographic or exploitative of minors, you should keep a record of the URL of the page containing that content but NOT print or share it. The URL can be provided to the school principal, or police, as needed for escalation of serious concerns
- block the offending user
- · report the content to the social media provider.

## Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying is treated at Redbank Plains SS with the same level of seriousness as in-person bullying. The major difference with cyberbullying however, is that unlike in-person bulling, cyberbullying follows students into their community, their homes and their bedrooms, giving them no opportunity to escape the harassment or abuse during the evening, weekends or holidays.

In the first instance, students or parents who wish to make a report about cyberbullying should approach the Deputy Principal for their sector of schooling. The Deputy Principal can be approached directly by students/ staff or via phone/email by parents for assistance in preventing and responding to cyberbullying.

It is important for students, parents and staff to know that state school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds. This includes cyberbullying. Parents and students who have concerns about cyberbullying incidents occurring during school holidays should immediately seek assistance through the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner or the Queensland Police Service.

Students enrolled at Redbank Plains SS may face in-school disciplinary action, such as detention or removing of privileges, or more serious consequences such as suspension or exclusion from school for engaging in behaviour that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students or the good order and management of the school. This includes behaviour such as cyberbullying which occurs outside of school hours or settings, for example on the weekend or during school holidays. It also applies to inappropriate online behaviour of enrolled students that is directed towards other community members or students from other school sites.

Parents or other stakeholders who engage in inappropriate online behaviour towards students, staff or other parents may be referred to the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner and/or the Queensland Police Service. State school staff will be referred for investigation to the Integrity and Employee Relations team in the Department of Education.



## Cyberbullying response flowchart for school staff

## How to manage online incidents that impact your school

#### Student protection

If at any point the principal forms a reasonable suspicion that a student has been harmed or is at risk of harm, they have a responsibility to respond in accordance with the <a href="Student protection procedure">Student protection procedure</a>.

## **Explicit images**

If the investigation involves naked or explicit images of children, staff should not save, copy, forward or otherwise deal with the content, as per the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure. This includes onto OneSchool records. Refer to the investigative process outlined in 'Responding to incidents involving naked or explicit images of children' from the Online Incident management guidelines.

## Help

Refer to the Online incident management guidelines for more details, or if assistance is required, contact the Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CSRM)team on 3034 5035 or Cybersafety.ReputationManagement@qed.qld.gov.au.

## Does the online behaviour/incident negatively impact the good order and management of the school?



## 1. Initiate an incident response

Start an incident management log (running sheet) which records times and dates of events, observations, tasks completed, persons involved and written conversational notes.

#### 2. Collect evidence

Gather and preserve any evidence of the online content or a potential unlawful online behaviour, where legally permissible. Confiscation of digital devices can only be done under the <u>Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure</u>.

school staff procedure.

#### 3. Is there a potential crime?

The <u>Queensland Criminal Code</u> contains several applicable sections for cyberbullying. A list of potential relevant criminal offences can be viewed at <u>Appendix 3</u>, and include:

- · unlawful stalking
- · computer hacking and misuse
- possession, distribution and making child exploitation material
- $\bullet \ \ \text{fraud} \text{obtaining or dealing with identification information} \\$
- · criminal defamation.

Inform the student's parent/s (and student if appropriate) of their options:

- Report the incident to an external agency such as police, Office of the eSafety Commissioner or the Australian Cybercrime Online Reporting Network.
- Report the online content/behaviour using the online tools provided by the website or app.

Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form, under the Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure. Refer back to Step 3 to report potential crimes that do not negatively impact the good order of the school.



Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form. Information can be shared when reasonably satisfied the disclosure is necessary for the prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution or punishment of a criminal offence or to assist in averting a serious risk to the life, health or safety of a person or where the disclosure is in the public interest. For access to the relevant forms, refer to Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure.

 $Principals \ may \ continue \ to \ investigate \ the \ matter \ for \ disciplinary \ purposes, \ subject \ to \ all \ laws \ and \ department \ procedures.$ 

Content may not constitute a criminal offence requiring police involvement but it may negatively impact the good order and management of the school. Principals can take action for the online behaviour as outlined below.

NO

#### 4. Take steps to remove the upsetting or inappropriate content

Request poster to remove, use online reporting tools or if assistance is required, contact the CSRM team

#### 5. Managing student behaviour

Where the online behaviours of students do negatively impact the good order and management of the school, the principal must take appropriate follow-up action. Where appropriate:

- take statutory disciplinary action to address cyberbullying:
- that occurs outside of school hours or school grounds that also negatively affects
  the good order and management of the school (e.g. where the conduct, threats,
  intimidation or abuse have created, or would likely create a risk of, substantial
  disruption within the school environment, or where the conduct, threats,
  intimidation or abuse has or might reach school premises);
- that is undertaken on or originating from school premises during school hours, or by means of use of school ICT, concerning other students, staff or members of the school community;
- use non-statutory options to deal with the matter, for example:
  - discussion with student's parents;student mediation;
  - apology;
  - ICT / mobile technology ban;
  - guidance referral.

#### 6. Student welfare

Regardless of whether or not the cyberbullying is a matter that must be dealt with by the school Principal as a disciplinary matter or by alternative means (see 5 above), Principals must consider and support the wellbeing of any student who is displaying apparent negative effects from cyberbullying, by means of offering the student guidance officer support.

## 7. Recording the incident on OneSchool

If the incident was resolved at school-level, record details of the incident, as reported to the school and investigated through the incident management process, in the student's OneSchool behaviour record.



## **Restrictive Practices**

#### **Restrictive Practices**

School staff at Redbank Plains SS need to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be de-escalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional arousal and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is immediate risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use Restrictive Practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there is no other available option for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive Practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's <u>Restrictive Practices Procedure</u> is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

- 1. Regard to the human rights of those students
- 2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
- 3. Ensures transparency and accountability
- 4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
- 5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
- 6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned and staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/ mechanical restraint/ clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health need and are recorded in advance. The use of planned strategies will only be where there is foreseeable immediate risk consistent with the **Restrictive Practices procedure**.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation in an emergency. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such emergencies, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.



## **Critical Incidents**

It is important that all school staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond in emergencies involving student behaviour that seriously endangers the student or others. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

A critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action (e.g. in the community, on the road). The aim in these situations is to bring the behaviour of the student under rapid and safe control. It is not a time to try and to punish or discipline the student; it is a crisis management period only.

Staff should follow the documented plan for any student involved in regular critical incidents, which should be saved and available for staff to review in OneSchool.

For unexpected critical incidents, staff should use basic defusing techniques:

- 1. Avoid escalating the problem behaviour: Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
- 2. Maintain calmness, respect and detachment: Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
- 3. Approach the student in a non-threatening manner: Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
- 4. Follow through: If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour, then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.
- 5. Debrief: At an appropriate time when there is low risk of re-escalation, help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.



# Related Procedures and Guidelines

These are related procedures or guidelines which school staff use to inform decisions and actions around matters associated with students wellbeing, behaviour and learning. *This may include reference to:* 

- Cancellation of enrolment
- Complex case management
- Customer complaints management policy and procedure
- Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies
- Enrolment in state primary, secondary and special schools
- Hostile people on school premises, wilful disturbance and trespass
- Inclusive education
- Police and Child Safety Officer interviews and searches with students
- Restrictive practices
- Refusal to enrol Risk to safety or wellbeing
- Student discipline
- Student Uniform Policy
- Student protection
- Supporting students' mental health and wellbeing
- · Temporary removal of student property by school staff
- Use of ICT systems
- Using mobile devices

